

ChIP-seq guidelines for histone marks on Adipose tissue

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Required materials

Reagents

[True-microchip-kit](#) (Diagenode Cat.# C01010130)
[H3K4me1 polyclonal antibody - Premium](#) (Diagenode Cat.# C15410194)
[H3K4me3 polyclonal antibody - Premium](#) (Diagenode Cat.# C15410003)
[H3K27me3 polyclonal antibody - Premium](#) (Diagenode Cat.# C15410195)
[H3K27ac polyclonal antibody - Premium](#) (Diagenode Cat.# C15410196)
[CTCF polyclonal antibody](#) (Diagenode Cat.#C15410210-50)
[MicroChIP Diapure columns](#) (Diagenode Cat.# C03040001)

Gloves

Formaldehyde, 37%, Molecular
Grade Phosphate buffered saline
(PBS) buffer RNase/DNase-free 1.5
ml tubes
qPCR SYBR® Green Mastermix
Quant-IT dsDNA HS assay kit (Invitrogen)

Equipment

[Diagenode Bioruptor® Pico sonication device](#) (Cat.# B01060001)
[1.5 ml Bioruptor® Microtubes with Caps](#) (Cat.#
C30010016) [IP Star® Compact Automated system](#) (Cat.#
B03000002)

Refrigerated centrifuge for 1.5 ml, 15 ml and 50 ml tubes
Rotating wheel
Vortex
Thermomixer
Qubit system (Invitrogen) qPCR
cycler Scalpel blades - Petri dishes
Tissue Lyser II (Qiagen)

Tissue disaggregation and DNA-protein cross-linking (for frozen tissues)

1. Weigh 200 mg of fresh or frozen adipose tissue in a petri dish. Keep samples on dry ice at all times and minimize the time of manipulation to prevent sample degradation.
2. Chop tissue into small pieces (between 1-3 mm³) using a scalpel blade.
3. Resuspend the chopped tissue in 1 ml of PBS containing 1% of formaldehyde at 37°C.
4. Rotate/agitate tube for 10 min at 37°C.
5. Stop the cross-linking reaction by adding 100 µl of glycine. Continue to rotate at 37°C for 5 min.
6. Centrifuge samples at low speed (1,300 rpm) at 10°C.
7. Wash the pellet with PBS (at room temperature). Aspirate the aqueous phase and resuspend the lipidic phase in 1 ml of PBS plus protease inhibitors.
8. Centrifuge at low speed (1,300 rpm) at 10°C and discard the supernatant.

Cell lysis and chromatin shearing (derived from tissue samples)

9. Add 400 µl of lysis/sonication buffer (100 µl of tL1 + 300 µl of HBSS + Protease Inhibitor Cocktail). Resuspend the lipidic phase by vortexing.
10. Homogenize using Tissue Lyser II (Qiagen) for 8 minutes at 25 strokes/sec.
11. Split the samples into 200 µl aliquots in 1.5 ml sonication tubes. Please use only recommended tubes: For Bioruptor® Pico, 1.5 ml Bioruptor® Microtubes with Caps (Cat. No. C30010016)
12. Shear chromatin sequentially by sonication using the Bioruptor®. An initial time course experiment is highly recommended.
 - For Bioruptor® Pico, sonicate samples for sequential 8 cycles (30 sec ON/30 sec OFF): After the first round of 8 cycles sonication (30 sec ON/30 sec OFF) at 10°C, transfer samples to new 1.5 ml tubes and centrifuge at 13,000 rpm for 10 min at 10°C. Collect the aqueous phase which contains the sheared chromatin (fraction 1).
 - Add another 400 µl of lysis/sonication buffer to the lipidic phase which is leftover. Repeat the sonication for another 8 cycles (30 sec ON/30 sec OFF) at 10°C. Transfer samples to new 1.5 ml tubes and centrifuge at 13,000 rpm for 10 min at 10°C. Collect the aqueous phase which contains the sheared chromatin (fraction 2).

Repeat the steps described above in order to collect 5 different chromatin fractions for each sample.

13. Take an aliquot of 20-50 µl for assessment of chromatin shearing for each fraction of each sample.

Magnetic immunoprecipitation

14. Take the required amount of DiaMag Protein A-coated magnetic beads (10-30 µl/IP).
15. Set aside 10% of the sheared chromatin to use as input sample and keep at 4°C.
16. Prepare the following ChIP reaction mix (1 IP):
 - x µl of 200x protease inhibitor cocktail
 - y µl of tC1 buffer (same volume as the volume of chromatin used for each ChIP)
 - y µl of sheared chromatin. Start with the same amount of chromatin (250-1500 ng) for each condition and equilibrate with (tL1+HBSS).
 - z µl ChIP-seq grade antibody (0.5 µg-1 µg)
17. Rotate at 40 rpm for 16 hours at 4°C.
18. Add 110 µl of Beads Wash Buffer tBW1 to 22 µl of beads and resuspend. Place the beads in the magnetic rack. Discard the supernatant and keep bead pellet. Repeat this wash once. Then resuspend bead pellet in 22 µl Beads Wash Buffer tBW1 per IP.

19. Add 20 µl of washed beads to each IP and rotate at 40 rpm for 2 hours at 4°C.
20. Place IP tubes in the magnetic rack. Keep the bead captured and remove the supernatant. Add 100 µl of Wash Buffer tW1 and rotate at 40 rpm for 4 minutes at 4°C.
21. Repeat Step 20 once with Wash Buffer tW2, tW3 and tW4, respectively.

Elution, decross-linking and DNA purification

22. Place IP tubes in the magnetic rack. Keep the beads captured and remove the supernatant.
23. Add 100 µl of Elution Buffer tE1 and rotate at 40 rpm for 30 minutes at room temperature. Also add 100-x µl of Elution Buffer tE1 to x µl of input (corresponding to 10% of the chromatin engaged in the ChIP). Work with both input and IP sample in parallel for remaining steps.
24. Place tubes in the magnetic rack. Transfer the supernatant into new tubes.
25. Add 4 µl of Elution buffer tE2. Incubate for 4 hours at 65°C.
26. Purify the DNA using the Diapure columns.
27. Purified DNA was quantified using the Qubit ds DNA HS kit
28. Store ChIP DNA, and Input DNA at -20°C.

Library preparation for sequencing

Libraries were prepared using IP-Star® Compact Automated System (Diagenode Cat# B03000002) using MicroPlex Library Preparation Kit v3 /96 rxns (Diagenode Cat# C05010002) with 24 UDI for MicroPlex v3 - Set I and Set II (Diagenode Cat# C05010008 and C05010009). Optimal library amplification was assessed by qPCR using KAPA SYBR® FAST (Sigma-Aldrich) on LightCycler® 96 System (Roche) and by using High Sensitivity NGS Fragment Analysis Kit (DNF-474) on a Fragment Analyzer™ (Agilent). Libraries were then purified (double size-selected) using Agencourt® AMPure® XP (Beckman Coulter) and quantified using Qubit™ dsDNA HS Assay Kit (Thermo Fisher Scientific, Q32854). Finally, fragment size was analyzed High Sensitivity NGS Fragment Analysis Kit (DNF-474) on a Fragment Analyzer™ (Agilent).

Libraries were pooled and sequenced with Illumina technology using 50bp paired-end reads.