



GENE-SWitCH

The regulatory GENomE of SWine and CHicken: functional annotation during development

Protocol WP1 T1.6 Promoter Capture Hi-C

Authors: Marine Beinat and Hervé Acloque (INRAE)

Workpackage: WP1

Version: 1.0

Protocol associated with Deliverable(s):	D1.4
Submission date to FAANG:	25/03/2021, month M21

Research and Innovation Action, SFS-30-2018-2019-2020 Agri-Aqua Labs Duration of the project: 01 July 2019 – 30 June 2023, 48 months



Table of contents

1	Summa	ry 3	5
2	Protoco	l description	;
	2.1 Inst	ruments, kits and solutions required3	
	2.1.1	Instruments	
	2.1.2	Kits and reagents 3	
	2.1.3	Solutions 4	Ļ
	2.2 Pro	cedure4	
	2.2.1	In-situ crosslinking4	Ļ
	2.2.2	Lysis, restriction digest and proximity ligation5	•
	2.2.3	Fragmentation	,
	2.2.4	Biotin enrichment	;
	2.2.5	End-repair, dA-tailing, and Adapter ligation (KAPA Hyper Prep kit)9)
	2.2.6	Library amplification	
	2.2.7	Hybridization and capture	



1 Summary

Promoter Capture Hi-C allows identifying by Next Generation Sequencing all the genomic regions in interactions with a defined set of promoters. It is indeed a key approach to identify enhancer/promoter interactions and allow to add spatial information on genome annotations.

The aim is to provide sequencing raw data of capture Hi-C libraries produced from muscle and liver of chicken and pigs samples at three developmental stages. For each species (pig and chicken), each developmental stage (early and late organogenesis, newborn) and each tissue (liver and muscle), 2 biological replicates (1 male and 1 female) were processed. It represents a total of 24 libraries.

Hi-C libraries are usually performed on single cell suspension. Single cell suspensions were performedbyINRAE(https://data.faang.org/api/fire_api/samples/INRA_SOP_GENESWITCH_CaptureHiC_Cell_Dissociation_20210331.pdf) for each sample by enzymatic dissociation of primary tissues.Unfixed cell pellets were then snapfrozen in liquid nitrogen and stored at -80°C

To perform Promoter Capture Hi-C, we used the ARIMA Hi-C+ kit for its strong reproducibility and efficiency, coupled with the SureSelect XT HS kit from Agilent using a custom design of probes for pig promoters.

We designed the probes necessary for the Promoter Capture Hi-C in close collaboration with Arima Genomics and Agilent technical and bioinformatic supports. We designed a total of 25994 probes, covering a total of 14017 different promoters and an average coverage of 3 probes per promoter.

2 Protocol description

2.1 Instruments, kits and solutions required

2.1.1 Instruments

- Covaris fragmentation system
- Qubit fluorometer
- QuantStudio real-time PCR system (Applied Biosystem) (or any other device for quantification by qPCR)
- BioAnalyzeur (Agilent Technologies)
- Thermomixer

2.1.2 Kits and reagents

- Hi-C+ kit (ARIMA Geomics)
- Qubit dsDNA HS and BR assay kit
- AMPure XP purification beads (Beckman Coulter)



- KAPA library amplification kit +primers (Roche)
- KAPA hyper prep PCR-free (Roche)
- TruSeq DNA single indexes i7 (Illumina)
- Library quantification kit (Illumina)
- Dynabeads MyOne Streptavidin T1 (Invitrogen)
- SureSelect XT HS reagent kit, target enrichment baits (custom design) (Agilent Technologies)
 Design is on the SureSelect website (<u>https://earray.chem.agilent.com/suredesign/</u>)
 Design ID: 3225281 (available under request to Hervé Acloque: <u>herve.acloque@inrae.fr</u>)
 Design contains 45218 probes covering 14017 promoters

2.1.3 Solutions

- PBS 1X
- Ethanol
- 2% formaldehyde solution (prepare fresh, keep at RT)
- 1M Glycine

2.2 Procedure

2.2.1 In-situ crosslinking

Preparation: cool down centrifuge for Eppendorf tubes and 15mL Falcon tubes

- 1. Resuspend the isolated nucleus pellet in 5 mL PBS 1X
- 2. Transfer each batch of cells to a 15 mL Falcon tube
- 3. Add 5 mL of freshly made 2% formaldehyde solution (1% final)
- 4. Crosslink cells tumbling for exactly 10 min at RT
- 5. Take 10 μL and determine the number of cell nucleus (with Kova counting blades-slide or any other counting system)
- 6. Add 2,5 mL 1M Glycine to quench the formaldehyde and put immediately on ice
- 7. Centrifuge 5 min 500g at 4°C
- 8. Remove the supernatant
- 9. Wash 2 times with 5mL PBS 1X
- 10. Centrifuge 5 min, 500g at 4°C



- 11. Remove supernatant
- 12. Resuspend in the appropriate volume of PSB 1X and transfer to Eppendorf Safe lock tubes to make 1 *10⁶ aliquots
- 13. Freeze cells in liquid N_2 and store at -80°C

2.2.2 Lysis, restriction digest and proximity ligation

- 14. Resuspend one reaction of $1 * 10^6$ crosslinked cells in 20 µL of Lysis Buffer and incubate at 4°C for 15 min
- 15. Add 24 μL of Conditioning Solution, mix gently by pipetting and incubate at 62°C for 10 min in shaker.
- 16. Add 20 μL of **Stop Solution 2**, mix gently by pipetting and incubate at 37°C for 15 min in shaker.
- 17. Add 12 μ L of a master mix containing the following reagents:

TOTAL	12 μL	
Enzyme A2	4 μL	4,4 μL
Enzyme A1	1 μL	1,1 μL
Buffer A	7 μL	7,7 μL
Reagent	vol. per reaction	extra 10%

18. Mix gently by pipetting and incubate as follow:

Temperature	Time
37°C	45 min
65°C	20 min
25°C	10 min

19. Add 16 µL of a master mix containing the following reagents:

TOTAL	16 µL	
Enzyme B	4 μL	4,6 μL
Buffer B	12 μL	13,8 μL
Reagent	vol. per reaction	extra 15%

- 20. Mix gently by pipetting and incubate at RT for 45 min in shaker
- 21. Add 82 μ L of a master mix containing the following reagents:

Reagent	vol. per reaction	extra 15%
Buffer C	70 μL	80,5 μL

GENE-SWITCH - H2020 - 817998



Enzyme C	12 μL	13,8 μL
TOTAL	82 μL	

- 22. Mix gently by pipetting and incubate at RT for 15 min in shaker
- 23. Warm Enzyme D at RT to prevent precipitation
- 24. Add 35,5 μ L of a master mix containing the following reagents:

τοται	25 μL 35.5 μl	20,0 μι
Enzyme D	25 ul	28.8
Buffer D	10,5 μL	12,1 μL
Reagent	vol. per reaction	extra 15%

25. Add 20 μ L of **Buffer E**, mix gently by pipetting and incubate as follow:

Temperature	Time
55 °C	30 min
68 °C	90 min
25 °C	10 min

Size selection

Warm sample and AMPure XP beads to room temperature 30 min before use. Vortex Ampure beads well!

- 26. Add 100µL of AMPure XP beads, mix thoroughly, and incubate at RT for 5 min
- 27. Place sample against magnet for 2 min
- 28. Discard supernatant
- 29. While sample is still against magnet, add 300µL of fresh 80% ethanol
- 30. Incubate at RT for 1 min
- 31. Discard supernatant
- 32. While sample is still against magnet, add 300µL of fresh 80% ethanol
- 33. Incubate at RT for 1 min
- 34. Discard supernatant
- 35. While sample is still against magnet, incubate beads at RT for 5 min to air-dry the beads
- 36. Remove sample from magnet and resuspend beads thoroughly in 100µL of Elution Buffer
- 37. Incubate at RT for 5 min
- 38. Place sample against magnet for 2 min, and transfer supernatant to a new tube
- 39. Quantify sample using Qubit (2 μL with HS assay)
- 40. Transfer 75ng of sample into a new tube labelled "Arima-QC1", and add Elution Buffer to Arima-QC1 to bring the volume to 50μL
- 41. Proceed to Arima-QC1 Quality Control protocol or store at -20°C
- 42. Store all remaining sample at -20°C until ready to proceed to library preparation



QC1 Quality Control

- 43. Add 50µL of **QC Beads** and mix thoroughly by pipetting
- 44. Incubate at RT for 15 min
- 45. Place sample against magnet until solution is clear
- 46. Discard supernatant, and remove sample from magnet
- 47. Resuspend beads in 200µL of Wash Buffer
- 48. Incubate at 55°C for 2 min
- 49. Place sample against magnet until solution is clear
- 50. Discard supernatant, and remove sample from magnet
- 51. Resuspend beads in 200µL of Wash Buffer
- 52. Incubate at 55°C for 2 min
- 53. Place sample against magnet until solution is clear
- 54. Discard supernatant, and remove sample from magnet
- 55. Resuspend beads in 100µL of Elution Buffer
- 56. Place sample against magnet until solution is clear
- 57. Discard supernatant, and remove sample from magnet
- 58. Resuspend beads in 7µL of Elution Buffer

Proceed to next step with resuspended beads

The following step involves the Qubit quantification of the **bead-bound** DNA

- 59. Quantify the total amount of bead-bound DNA using Qubit (2µL with HS assay)
- 60. Determine the Arima-QC1 value by following the Arima-HiC QC Worksheet. High quality Arima-QC1 values are expected to be **>10%**.

2.2.3 Fragmentation

Prepare Covaris for use at least 40 min before us (add MQ to fill level 15)

- 61. Add Elution Buffer to your sample to bring the volume to **100 μL**
- 62. Transfer to a Covaris millitube and shear using the following parameters:

Duty factor	15%
Peak incident	500
Cycles/burst	200
Duration	30 seconds

63. Transfer sample to fresh 1.5 mL Lo-bind Eppendorf tube. If necessary, add Elution Buffer to your sample to bring the volume to $100 \ \mu L$



Size selection

Warm sample and AMPure XP beads to room temperature 30 min before use. Vortex Ampure beads well!

- 64. Add 60μL of AMPure XP beads, mix thoroughly, and incubate at RT for 5 min
- 65. Place sample against magnet for 2 min EP
- 66. Transfer 160 μL of supernatant to a new Eppendorf tube
- 67. Add 40μL of AMPure XP beads, mix thoroughly, and incubate at RT for 5 min
- 68. Place sample against magnet for 2 min SEP
- 69. Discard supernatant
- 70. While sample is still against magnet, add 200µL of fresh 80% ethanol
- 71. Incubate at RT for 1 min
- 72. Discard supernatant
- 73. While sample is still against magnet, add 200µL of fresh 80% ethanol
- 74. Incubate at RT for 1 min $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ SEP \end{bmatrix}$
- 75. Discard supernatant
- 76. While sample is still against magnet, incubate beads at RT for 5 min to air-dry the beads
- 77. Remove sample from magnet and resuspend beads thoroughly in 100μL of Elution Buffer
- 78. Incubate at RT for 5 min $\begin{bmatrix} 1\\ SEP \end{bmatrix}$
- 79. Place sample against magnet, incubate until for 2 min, and transfer supernatant to a new Lo-Bind Eppendorf tube
- 80. Quantify sample using Qubit (2 μ L with HS assay)
- 81. Sample can be stored at -20°C for up to 3 days.

2.2.4 Biotin enrichment

- 82. Ensure that the size-selected sample (0,125-2 μ g) is in 100 μ L. If not, add Elution Buffer to your sample to bring the volume to 100 μ L
- 83. Add 100 µL of **Enrichment beads** and mix thoroughly by pipetting
- 84. Incubate at RT for 15 min
- 85. Place sample against magnet until solution is clear SEP
- 86. Discard supernatant
- Remove sample from magnet and resuspend beads thoroughly in 200μL of Wash Buffer at 55°C for 2 min
- 88. Place sample against magnet until solution is clear SEP
- 89. Discard supernatant
- Remove sample from magnet and resuspend beads thoroughly in 200μL of Wash Buffer at 55°C for 2 min
- 91. Place sample against magnet until solution is clear SEP
- 92. Discard supernatant
- 93. Remove sample from magnet and resuspend beads thoroughly in 100µL of Elution Buffer
- 94. Place sample against magnet until solution is clear SEP



- 95. Discard supernatant
- 96. Remove sample from magnet and resuspend beads thoroughly in 50µL of Elution Buffer

2.2.5 End-repair, dA-tailing, and Adapter ligation (KAPA Hyper Prep kit)

97. Add 10 μ L of a master mix containing the following reagents to the bead-bound biotinenriched DNA:

Reagent	vol. per reaction	extra 10%
End-Repair and A-Tailing Buffer	7 μL	7,7 μL
End-Repair and A-Tailing Enzyme	3 μL	3,3 μL
TOTAL	10 µL	

98. Mix thoroughly by pipetting and incubate as follow in a thermal cycler with the lid temperature set to >75°C:

Temperature	Time
20°C	30 min
65°C	30 min
4°C	~

99. Add 1 μ L of a unique Illumina TruSeq sequencing Adapter (15 μ M)

100. Add 49 µL of a master mix containing the following reagents:

Reagent	vol. per reaction	extra 10%
PCR-grade water	9 μL	9,9 μL
Ligase Buffer	30 µL	33 µL
DNA Ligase	10 µL	11 µL
TOTAL	49 μL	

101. Mix thoroughly by pipetting and incubate as follow in a thermal cycler with the heated lid turned off

Temperature	Time
20°C	15 min
4°C	∞

- 102. Place sample against magnet until solution is clear [SEP]
- 103. Discard supernatant



- 104. Remove sample from magnet and resuspend beads thoroughly in 150μL of Wash Buffer at 55°C for 2 min
- 105. Place sample against magnet until solution is clear
- 106. Discard supernatant
- Remove sample from magnet and resuspend beads thoroughly in 150μL of Wash Buffer at 55°C for 2 min
- 108. Place sample against magnet until solution is clear SEP
- 109. Discard supernatant
- 110. Remove sample from magnet and resuspend beads thoroughly in 100μ L of Elution Buffer
- 111. Place sample against magnet until solution is clear
- 112. Discard supernatant
- 113. Remove sample from magnet and resuspend beads thoroughly in 22µL of Elution Buffer
- 114. Proceed to Arima-QC2 Quality Control protocol or store at 4°C.
- 115. Sample can be stored at 4°C for up to 3 days

QC2 Quality Control

Use the KAPA Library Quantification Kit to determine the Arima-QC2 values and estimate the appropriate number of PCR cycles needed to amplify the library

116. Vigorously mix each bead-bound Hi-C library and add 1 μ L of it in 999 μ L of water, to prepare a 1:1000 dilution

<u>Plate layout:</u> triplicate for each of the 6 KAPA Standards + triplicate for water + triplicate for each Hi-C library

117. Prepare this following master mix plus excess:

TOTAL	16 µL
Water	4 μL
Illumina Primer Mix	2 μL
qPCR Master Mix	10 µL
Reagent	vol. per reaction

- 118. Add 16 μL of this master mix to each well of the qPCR plate
- Add 4 μL of each KAPA Standard, 1:1000 library or water to each well containing the 16 μL master mix
- 120. Run the following qPCR cycling protocol:

1x	95°C	5 min
35x	95°C	30 sec
	60°C	45 sec
Melting curv	ve 65°C - 95°C	
GENE-SWitCH –	H2020 - 817998	



- 121. N.B.: KAPA Master mix contain a **FAST**-SYBR. Hence we can run a **FAST** qPCR program (40 min)
- 122. Extract the Cq values and fill the Arima-HiC QC Worksheet to calculate the Arima-QC2 values and estimate the required number of PCR cycles for library amplification. High quality Arima-QC2 values are expected to be **>0,2%**.

2.2.6 Library amplification

- 123. Split the bead-bound Arima-HiC library into 4 PCR tubes containing each 5 µL
- 124. Add to each of the 4 PCR tube 15 μ L water to bring the volume to 20 μ L
- 125. Add 30 μL of a master mix containing the following reagents to each 20 μL of bead-bound Arima-HiC library:

Reagent	vol. per reaction	extra 10%
2X HiFi HotStart Ready Mix	25 μL	27,5 μL
10X Primer Mix	5 μL	5,5 μL
TOTAL	30 µL	

126. Mix thoroughly by pipetting and run the following PCR program in a thermal cycler with the lid temperature set to 105°C:

1x	98°C	45 sec
Nx	98°C	15 sec
(cf. Arima-QC2)	60°C	30 sec
	72°C	30 sec
1x	72°C	1 min
1x	10°C	∞

Size selection

Warm AMPure XP beads to room temperature 30 min before use. Vortex Ampure beads well!

- 127. Place the PCR tubes against magnet until solution is clear
- 128. Transfer each supernatant to a fresh Lo-bind Eppendorf tube
- 129. Add 45µL of AMPure XP beads for each aliquot, mix thoroughly, and incubate at RT for 5 min
- 130. Place the tubes on a magnet for 5 min at RT
- 131. Discard the supernatant

GENE-SWITCH - H2020 - 817998



- 132. While sample is still against magnet, add 150µL of fresh 80% ethanol
- 133. Incubate at RT for 1 min
- 134. Discard supernatant
- 135. While sample is still against magnet, add $150\mu L$ of fresh 80% ethanol
- 136. Incubate at RT for 1 min
- 137. Discard supernatant
- 138. While sample is still against magnet, incubate at RT for 5 min to air-dry the beads
- 139. Remove sample from magnet and resuspend beads thoroughly in 50μL total of Elution Buffer (12,5 μL each aliquot) for 5 min
- 140. Pool the 4 aliquots of the same sample to obtain 50µL
- 141. Place sample against magnet until solution is clear [1]
- 142. Transfer sample to a fresh Lo-bind Eppendorf tube
- 143. Add 45μ L of AMPure XP beads, mix thoroughly, and incubate at RT for 5 min
- 144. Place the tubes against magnet for 5 min at RT
- 145. Discard the supernatant
- 146. While sample is still against magnet, add 150µL of fresh 80% ethanol
- 147. Incubate at RT for 1 min
- 148. Discard supernatant
- 149. While sample is still against magnet, add 150µL of fresh 80% ethanol
- 150. Incubate at RT for 1 min
- 151. Discard supernatant
- 152. While sample is still against magnet, incubate at RT for 5 min to air-dry the beads
- 153. Remove sample from magnet and resuspend beads thoroughly in 25µL of Elution Buffer
- 154. Incubate at RT for 5 min
- 155. Place sample against magnet until solution is clear SEP
- 156. Transfer sample to a fresh Lo-bind Eppendorf tube
- 157. Determine concentration of the sample with Qubit (2 μL with BR assay)

Sample can be stored at -20°C prior to NextSeq sequencing (2x 50 bp PE)

Optional: Assess the quality by doing a low-depth PE sequencing (1 Million reads)

2.2.7 Hybridization and capture

- 158. Place 1 μ g of each library in a total volume of 12 μ L in PCR tubes
- 159. Add 5 µL of SureSelect XT HS and XT Low Input Blocker mix
- 160. Mix thoroughly by vortexing, spin and run the following PCR program in a thermal cycler with the lid temperature ON (105°C) :

1x	95°C	5 min
1x	65°C	10 min
HOLD		

GENE-SWITCH - H2020 - 817998



1x	65°C	1 min
60x	65°C	1 sec
	37°C	3 min
1x	65°C	hold

161. During the program, prepare a 25% SureSelect RNase Block solution :

RNase-free water	1.5 μL	1.65 μL
SureSelect RNase Block	0.5 μL	0.55 μL
Reagent	vol. per reaction	extra 10%

- 162. Prepare the amount required plus excess. Mix well and keep on ice
- 163. Prepare at RT the Capture Library hybridization mix for **Capture libraries >3Mb**:

Reagent	vol. per reaction	extra 10%
25%SureSelect RNase Block solution $2 \ \mu L$	2.2 μL	
Capture library > 3 Mb	5 μL	5.5 μL
SureSelect Fast Hybridization Buffer	6 μL	6.6 μL
TOTAL	13 μL	

- 164. Once the thermal cycler starts the *HOLD* step, open the thermal cycler
- 165. While keeping the samples in the cycler, transfer 13 μ L of the RT Capture library Hybridization mix from step 153 to each sample
- 166. Mix well by pipetting up and down slowly 10 times
- 167. Seal the wells with fresh strip caps.
- 168. Vortex briefly then spin and immediately return the tubes to the thermal cycler
- 169. Press the **OK** button to resume the thermal cycler program to allow hybridization of the prepared DNA samples to the Capture Library.

During the hybridization step, prepare the Dynabeads MyOne Streptavidin T1 :

- 170. Vigorously mix the beads and add 50 μ L of the resuspended Dynabeads MyOne Streptavidin **T1** to an Eppendorf tube
- 171. Wash the beads by adding 200 μL of SureSelect Binding Buffer
- 172. Mix by pipetting up and down 20 times
- 173. Put the tube against magnet until solution is clear then remove supernatant
- 174. Repeat steps 170 to 172 two more time for a total of **3 washes**
- 175. Resuspend the beads in 200 μ L of SureSelect Binding Buffer



- 176. After the hybridization step is completed and the thermal cycler is at 65°C hold step, transfer the samples to RT
- 177. Immediately transfer the entire volume (30 μ L) to the tubes containing 200 μ L of washed Streptavidin **T1** beads
- 178. Pipette up and down 5-8 times
- 179. Incubate the samples at RT 30 min in a thermomixer at 1800 rpm
- 180. During the 30 min incubation time, prewarm 6x 200 μL of SureSelect Wash Buffer 2 for each DNA sample and incubate at 70°C in a thermomixer
- 181. After incubation, put the samples against magnet until solution is clear
- 182. Remove the supernatant
- 183. Resuspend the beads in 200 μ L of SureSelect Wash Buffer 1
- 184. Mix by pipetting up and down 20 times
- 185. Put the samples against magnet until solution is clear
- 186. Remove supernatant
- 187. Resuspend beads in 200 μL of prewarmed Wash Buffer 2.
- 188. Pipette up and down 20 times then vortex briefly
- 189. Incubate the samples for 5 min at 70°C in a thermomixer
- 190. Put the samples against magnet for 1 min until solution is clear
- 191. Remove supernatant
- 192. Repeat steps 186 to 190 5 more times for a total of 6 washes
- 193. After the last wash, be sure that all the Wash Buffer has been removed
- 194. Resuspend the beads in 25 µL of nuclease-free water. Keep the samples on ice
- 195. Add 25 μL of a PCR mix containing the following reagents to each 25 μL of bead-bound target-enriched DNA:

Reagent		vol. per reaction	extra 10%
5X Herculase II Reaction Buffer	10 µL	11 μL	
Herculase II Fusion DNA Polymerase		1 μL	1.1 μL
100 mM dNTP Mix		0.5 μL	0.55 μL
SureSelect Post-Capture Primer Mix		1 μL	1.1 μL
Nuclease-free water		12.5 μL	13.75 μL
TOTAL		25 μL	

196. Mix thoroughly by pipetting up and down and run the following PCR program in a thermal cycler with the lid temperature ON. Put the samples into the thermocycler only when the lid as reached the temperature.

1x	98°C	2 min
11x	98°C	30 sec
	60°C	30 sec



(lib. 3-5 Mb)	72°C	1 min
	72°C	5 min
1x	4°C	hold

Size selection

Warm AMPure XP beads to room temperature 30 min before use. Vortex Ampure beads well!

- 197. Put the samples against magnet 2 min until solution is clear
- 198. Transfer each supernatant (50 µL) to a fresh Lo-bind Eppendorf tube
- 199. Add 50µL of AMPure XP beads, mix thoroughly, and incubate at RT for 5 min
- 200. Place the tubes against magnet for 5 min at RT
- 201. Discard the supernatant
- 202. While sample is still against magnet, add 200µL of fresh 80% ethanol
- 203. Incubate at RT for 1 min
- 204. Discard supernatant
- 205. Repeat steps 201 to 203 2 more times for a total of 3 washes
- 206. While sample is still against magnet, incubate at RT for 5 min to air-dry the beads
- 207. Remove sample from magnet and resuspend beads thoroughly in 25μL of nuclease-free water for 5 min
- 208. Place sample against magnet until solution is clear [1]
- 209. Transfer each supernatant (25 μ L) to a fresh Lo-bind Eppendorf tube

Assess DNA library quantity and quality with Bioanalyzer